1	н. в. 3078
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3	(By Delegate Williams)
4	[Introduced February 9, 2011; referred to the
5	Committee on Finance.]
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10	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$5-16-5$ and $\$5-16-25$ of the Code of
11	West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to the repeal of
12	the 80-20 requirements for payment of twenty percent of the
13	aggregate premium by active employees, to prevent premium
14	increases unless there is an increase in salary or pensions,
15	and to increase the amount that PEIA can have in their Reserve
16	Fund from fifteen percent to thirty percent.
17	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
18	That $\$5-16-5$ and $\$5-16-25$ of the Code of West Virginia, 1931,
19	as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:
20	ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE ACT.
21	§5-16-5. Purpose, powers and duties of the Finance Board; initial
22	financial plan; financial plan for following year; and
23	annual financial planc

- 1 (a) The purpose of the Finance Board created by this article
 2 is to bring fiscal stability to the Public Employees Insurance
 3 Agency through development of annual financial plans and long-range
 4 plans designed to meet the agency's estimated total financial
 5 requirements, taking into account all revenues projected to be made
 6 available to the agency and apportioning necessary costs equitably
 7 among participating employers, employees and retired employees and
 8 providers of health care services.
- (b) The Finance Board shall retain the services of 10 impartial, professional actuary, with demonstrated experience in 11 analysis of large group health insurance plans, to estimate the 12 total financial requirements of the Public Employees Insurance 13 Agency for each fiscal year and to review and render written 14 professional opinions as to financial plans proposed by the Finance The actuary shall also assist in the development of 15 Board. 16 alternative financing options and perform any other services 17 requested by the Finance Board or the director. All reasonable 18 fees and expenses for actuarial services shall be paid by the 19 Public Employees Insurance Agency. Any financial plan or 20 modifications to a financial plan approved or proposed by the 21 Finance Board pursuant to this section shall be submitted to and 22 reviewed by the actuary and may not be finally approved and 23 submitted to the Governor and to the Legislature without the 24 actuary's written professional opinion that the plan may be

- 1 reasonably expected to generate sufficient revenues to meet all
- 2 estimated program and administrative costs of the agency, including
- 3 incurred but unreported claims, for the fiscal year for which the
- 4 plan is proposed. The actuary's opinion on the financial plan for
- 5 each fiscal year shall allow for no more than thirty days of
- 6 accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year. The
- 7 actuary's opinion for any fiscal year shall not include a
- 8 requirement for establishment of a Reserve Fund.
- 9 (c) All financial plans required by this section shall 10 establish:
- 11 (1) Maximum levels of reimbursement which the Public Employees
- 12 Insurance Agency makes to categories of health care providers;
- 13 (2) Any necessary cost-containment measures for implementation
- 14 by the director;
- 15 (3) The levels of premium costs to participating employers;
 16 and
- 17 (4) The types and levels of cost to participating employees
- 18 and retired employees.
- 19 The financial plans may provide for different levels of costs
- 20 based on the insured's ability to pay. The Finance Board may
- 21 establish different levels of costs to retired employees based upon
- 22 length of employment with a participating employer, ability to pay
- 23 or other relevant factors. The financial plans may also include
- 24 optional alternative benefit plans with alternative types and

- 1 levels of cost. The Finance Board may develop policies which 2 encourage the use of West Virginia health care providers.
- In addition, the Finance Board may allocate a portion of the 4 premium costs charged to participating employers to subsidize the 5 cost of coverage for participating retired employees, on such terms 6 as the Finance Board determines are equitable and financially 7 responsible.
- 8 (d)(1) The Finance Board shall prepare an annual financial 9 plan for each fiscal year during which the Finance Board remains in 10 existence. The Finance Board chairman shall request the actuary to 11 estimate the total financial requirements of the Public Employees 12 Insurance Agency for the fiscal year.
- 13 (2) The Finance Board shall prepare a proposed financial plan
 14 designed to generate revenues sufficient to meet all estimated
 15 program and administrative costs of the Public Employees Insurance
 16 Agency for the fiscal year. The proposed financial plan shall
 17 allow for no more than thirty days of accounts payable to be
 18 carried over into the next fiscal year. Before final adoption of
 19 the proposed financial plan, the Finance Board shall request the
 20 actuary to review the plan and to render a written professional
 21 opinion stating whether the plan will generate sufficient revenues
 22 to meet all estimated program and administrative costs of the
 23 Public Employees Insurance Agency for the fiscal year. The
 24 actuary's report shall explain the basis of its opinion. If the

- 1 actuary concludes that the proposed financial plan will not
- 2 generate sufficient revenues to meet all anticipated costs, then
- 3 the Finance Board shall make necessary modifications to the
- 4 proposed plan to ensure that all actuarially determined financial
- 5 requirements of the agency will be met.
- 6 (3) Upon obtaining the actuary's opinion, the finance board 7 shall conduct one or more public hearings in each congressional 8 district to receive public comment on the proposed financial plan,
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- 9 shall review the comments and shall finalize and approve the 10 financial plan.
- 11 (4) Any financial plan shall be designed to allow thirty days 12 or less of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal 13 year. For each fiscal year, the Governor shall provide his or her 14 estimate of total revenues to the Finance Board no later than 15 October 15, of the preceding fiscal year: Provided, That for the 16 prospective financial plans required by this section, the Governor 17 shall estimate the revenues available for each fiscal year of the 18 plans based on the estimated percentage of growth in general fund The Finance Board shall submit its final, approved 19 revenues. 20 financial plan, after obtaining the necessary actuary's opinion and 21 conducting one or more public hearings in each congressional 22 district, to the Governor and to the Legislature no later than 23 January 1, preceding the fiscal year. The financial plan for a 24 fiscal year becomes effective and shall be implemented by the

- 1 director on July 1 of the fiscal year. In addition to each final,
- 2 approved financial plan required under this section, the Finance
- 3 Board shall also simultaneously submit financial statements based
- 4 on generally accepted accounting practices (GAAP) and the final,
- 5 approved plan restated on an accrual basis of accounting, which
- 6 shall include allowances for incurred but not reported claims:
- 7 Provided, however, That the financial statements and the accrual-
- 8 based financial plan restatement shall not affect the approved
- 9 financial plan.
- 10 (e) The provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall
- 11 not apply to the preparation, approval and implementation of the
- 12 financial plans required by this section.
- 13 (f) By January 1 of each year the finance board shall submit
- 14 to the Governor and the Legislature a prospective financial plan,
- 15 for a period not to exceed five years, for the programs provided in
- 16 this article. Factors that the board shall consider include, but
- 17 are not limited to, the trends for the program and the industry;
- 18 the medical rate of inflation; utilization patterns; cost of
- 19 services; and specific information such as average age of employee
- 20 population, active to retiree ratios, the service delivery system
- 21 and health status of the population.
- 22 (g) The prospective financial plans shall be based on the
- 23 estimated revenues submitted in accordance with subdivision (4),
- 24 subsection (d) of this section and shall include an average of the

1 projected cost-sharing percentages of premiums and an average of 2 the projected deductibles and copays for the various programs. 3 Beginning in the plan year which commences on July 1, 2002, and in 4 each plan year thereafter, until and including the plan year which 5 commences on July 1, 2006, the prospective plans shall include 6 incremental adjustments toward the ultimate level required in this 7 subsection, in the aggregate cost sharing percentages of premium 8 between employers and employees, including the amounts of any 9 subsidization of retired employee benefits. Effective in the plan 10 year commencing on July 1, 2006, and in each plan year thereafter, 11 the aggregate premium cost-sharing percentages between employers 12 and employees, including the amounts of any subsidization of 13 retired employee benefits, shall be at a level of eighty percent 14 for the employer and twenty percent for employees, except for the 15 employers provided in subsection (d), section eighteen of this 16 article whose premium cost-sharing percentages shall be governed by 17 that subsection. After the submission of the initial prospective 18 plan, the board may not increase costs to the participating 19 employers, or change the average of the premiums, deductibles and 20 copays for employees except in the event of a true emergency as 21 provided in this section: Provided, That if the board invokes the 22 emergency provisions, the cost shall be borne between the employers 23 and employees in proportion to the cost-sharing ratio for that plan 24 vear Provided, however That for purposes of this section,

- 1 "emergency" means that the most recent projections demonstrate that
- 2 plan expenses will exceed plan revenues by more than one percent in
- 3 any plan year. After the submission of the initial prospective
- 4 plan, the board may not increase costs to the participating
- 5 employees unless there is an increase in the income or pension of
- 6 the employee or retiree. Provided however, That the aggregate
- 7 premium cost-sharing percentages between employers and employees,
- 8 including the amounts of any subsidization of retired employee
- 9 benefits, may be offset, in part, by a legislative appropriation
- 10 for that purpose.
- 11 (h) The Finance Board shall meet on at least a quarterly basis
- 12 to review implementation of its current financial plan in light of
- 13 the actual experience of the Public Employees Insurance Agency.
- 14 The board shall review actual costs incurred, any revised cost
- 15 estimates provided by the actuary, expenditures and any other
- 16 factors affecting the fiscal stability of the plan and may make any
- 17 additional modifications to the plan necessary to ensure that the
- 18 total financial requirements of the agency for the current fiscal
- 19 year are met. The Finance Board may not increase the types and
- 20 levels of cost to employees during its quarterly review except in
- 21 the event of a true emergency.
- 22 (i) For any fiscal year in which legislative appropriations
- 23 differ from the Governor's estimate of general and special revenues
- 24 available to the agency, the finance board shall, within thirty

- 1 days after passage of the budget bill, make any modifications to
- 2 the plan necessary to ensure that the total financial requirements
- 3 of the agency for the current fiscal year are met.

4 §5-16-25. Reserve Fund.

Upon the effective date of this section, the Finance Board 6 shall establish and maintain a Reserve Fund for the purposes of 7 offsetting unanticipated claim losses in any fiscal year. Beginning 8 with the fiscal year 2002 plan and for each succeeding fiscal year 9 plan, the finance board shall transfer ten percent of the projected 10 total plan costs for that year into the reserve fund, which is to 11 be certified by the actuary and included in the final, approved 12 financial plan submitted to the Governor and Legislature in 13 accordance with the provisions of this article. Any moneys saved 14 in a plan year shall be transferred into the Reserve Fund. At the 15 close of any fiscal year in which the balance in the Reserve Fund 16 exceeds the recommended reserve amount by fifteen thirty percent, 17 the executive director shall transfer that amount to the West 18 Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund created in section two, 19 article sixteen-d of this chapter.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to repeal the eighty-twenty requirements for payment of twenty per cent of the aggregate premium by active employees, to prevent premium increases unless there is an increase in salary or pensions, and to increase the amount that PEIA can have in their Reserve Fund from fifteen percent to thirty per cent.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.